SATISFACTION IS IN SUCCESS NOT IN CANTEEN FOOD
International students are a demanding group, and with good reason, as they invest heavily to study abroad. For student satisfaction to rise in the long run, universities should be less concerned with how students are experiencing day-to-day campus life and focus instead on the long-term goals of student employability and life chances. This is what they’ll remember for years to come.

International student satisfaction has become an exact science in higher education, with categories of merciless data guiding universities’ strategies. Why merciless? Because pie-charts and graphs reveal the naked truth about the picky nature of international students. This means that universities are ranked not only on the quality of their courses, but on the overall scores of international student satisfaction, and that can be tricky business.

FOCUSING EFFORTS
Students from overseas put their personal and familial relationships at stake, invest heavily in relocation, and willingly take the risk of culture shock. It makes sense that universities want to offer the best value for their effort, time and money but the list of ‘attraction factors’ is endless and can get borderline ludicrous. A recent article in the ICEF Monitor discusses the direct link between the food choice at the institution and the happiness of foreign students arguing that, just like with housing, the limited choice can cloud the whole experience. While it is absolutely true that living conditions are of paramount importance to daily happiness levels, is it really where the attention of higher education institutions should be focused? It is difficult to predict if a singular international will prefer sushi to bratwurst but various surveys show that most of them are definitely interested in two things: education quality and career prospects.

EMPLOYABILITY
The possibility to get a better job after an international study is the second biggest motivator for prospective international students. Perhaps for this reason, their institution choice is heavily influenced not only by the official university sources but also by what the alumni of the institution say. The International Student Barometer research reveals that alumni are the sixth most important source of information when choosing, whereas the university brochure ranks at number eight. It shows that prospective students are keen to find out from your institution’s alumni how they enjoyed their study and how it has contributed to their current career success and job satisfaction. In other words, it is a closed recruitment circle of happy students, employed alumni and prospective (international) students.

However, career success is not an easy one to achieve for the current generation of students – a staggering 79% of them have reported the need for help in finding employment. It is easy to imagine that this must be especially the case for international students and alumni, since they usually don’t speak the language of the host country and often do not have the same networks as the locals. Although from the employers’ perspective international students have the competitive advantage of being more open-minded, mature, and in possession of great interpersonal skills, if they don’t realise what they have to offer before entering the labour market,
they are going to face a long and winding road to employment. That is not to say that the development of employability skills should occupy the same place as the academic curricula but, evidently, it should not be postponed to the moment of graduation.

MEASURING SATISFACTION
The difficult part is actually measuring international student and alumni satisfaction. Based on the biggest motivators for prospective overseas students, study quality and successive employment are the cornerstones of the overall happiness – not necessarily excluding aspects like integration and accommodation, but simply higher on the priority list. Course evaluations take place throughout the studies and offer a point of reference for the study satisfaction at the given time. But where are the labour market readiness and career success metrics?

There is a need to incorporate career awareness tools with parallel questions to know what kind of career support students need during and after their studies. Questions, such as How well prepared do you feel for the world of work? and Are you working in line with your studies? are among the ones that need answering.\(^6\) This way, not only would international students keep their professional development in mind during their university years, but they would also provide feedback about their career success and study satisfaction in retrospect after graduation – invaluable data for universities.

ENGAGING STUDENTS
Of course, it’s easier said than done as any career or alumni officer could confirm – drawing a large crowd of international students into a career workshop or getting alumni to respond to e-mails have proven to be challenging. Even the most successful global student surveys struggle to get response rates above 50%. The problem is that universities are slow adapters in a rapidly changing technological reality. International students and recent alumni – a cohort that uses a myriad of online services to arrange transportation, housing, courses and to communicate with their loved ones – are not likely to spend time filling in the questionnaires in their e-mail inboxes. They’re playing and ‘WhatsApping’ on their tablets and smartphones, and this is where universities should be too. Below we present five examples of the various existing educational apps that use gamification to engage students.

Understandably, developing in-house gamified careers advice combined with feedback tools is not an option for every higher education institution due to high costs. Yet there are solutions online that speak the language of modern students. Gamification may sound trivial, but games provide an interactive and appealing way for (international) students and recent alumni to learn about career opportunities while providing continuous data for universities.\(^7\) In order to bridge the gap between higher education and the world of work, universities will need to step up their game to ensure (international) students turn into brand ambassadors for their institutions – in the end, their satisfaction will be based on feeling successful, and not so much on the lunch items in the university canteen.

--- VERONIKA NORVAISAITE & NANNETTE RIPMEESTER

5 EDUCATIONAL APPS THAT USE GAMIFICATION

1. CareerProfessor.works
   www.careerprofessor.works

2. Back Bay Battery
   www.hbs.edu/faculty/Pages/item.aspx?num=37262

3. Duolingo
   www.duolingo.com

4. ClassDojo
   www.classdojo.com

5. Merchants
   www.game-learn.com

References:


There is a concern within international education circles that international CRM databases are incomplete, out-dated, under-utilised and/or non-existent. The pervasiveness of incorrect/outdated classifications of alumni and the need for a more detailed understanding of alumni dynamics in an increasingly complex mobility landscape has never been greater. In the closing chapter of the EAIE’s Staying Global: How International Alumni Relations Advances the Agenda, I respond to this challenge with a recommendation that may help institutions maintain better data management practices while at the same time more authentically engage international constituents. For a vast majority of institutions that define their alumni demographics as ‘domestic or international’, there is another category to define and engage: the transnational alumni.

In the previous article, the authors recognised the importance of international alumni as brand ambassadors for universities. Keeping track of this group should be a high priority for any higher education institution that wishes to capitalise on their potential. A new category of international alumni may just hold the key for accurate tracking.

Aside from the classic definition of international alumni as ‘alumni who provide contact information outside the country where their degree was granted’, what about the alumni body that experiences multiple campuses and, thus, represents an institutional diaspora with an international footprint? Can’t they all be called transnational? Like the alumni who were international students and, since graduation, have returned to the country of their foreign study – or never left after graduation – they are likely counted as ‘domestic’. When schools utilise a more strategic mechanism for tracking this body, institutions gain a valuable international diaspora at their doorstep.

Qualified and accurate data are important key performance indicators (KPIs) for an institution; so, too, are measurements of alumni engagement. Databases need to include a new field for transnational alumni and code countries of origin, languages spoken, international social media profiles, and other characteristics that would be valuable and important for institutions around the world. Once identified, we need to employ this new definition to better track alumni.

Next, institutions should invite alumni to update their contact information. Alumni then have an option of registering themselves under this moniker and designating themselves as transnational alumni – the alumni who reside abroad but have reason to come back to the country where their alma mater is based due to personal or professional reasons. We can take this one step further by creating a different – but interconnected – category of ‘transnational domestic alumni’, to elude to those living in countries where they attended school but travel regularly outside of country for personal or professional reasons.

Higher education is about people: students, faculty, administration, alumni, families, communities and other friends whom align to a college or university’s mission, resources, and brand. Today, internationalisation on campuses around the world focuses on an integrated strategy that supports international student and scholar recruitment, international academic partnerships, and the development of key regions where international alumni and friends are engaged in sustainable, meaningful and relevant ways to advance the global footprint of their university.

Transnational alumni and transnational domestic alumni are strategic partners in an institution’s international story. By adopting a relevant and more meaningful affiliation for this group of graduates, we begin to build a global mind-set for alumni and support a 21st century international vision for our institutions.

— GRETCHEN DOBSON